Activate Learning

Members' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 July 2016

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Members' report and financial statements

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Key Management Personnel, Board of Governors and Professional Advisors

Key Management Personnel

Sally Dicketts Chief Executive Officer; Accounting Officer Steve Ball - Chief Financial Officer Bernard Grenville-Jones – Executive Director Jon Adams – Executive Director Pablo Lloyd – Executive Director Paul Newman – Executive Director Cheryl Pennington – Executive Director Lee Nichols – Executive Director

Board of Governors

A full list of Governors is given on page 13-14 of these financial statements.

Katy Whife served as Clerk to the Corporation during 2015/16.

Professional advisers

Financial statement and regularity auditors:

Mazars LLP, 90 Victoria Street, Bristol, BS1 6DP Internal auditors:

RSM Risk Assurance Services LLP, 66 Chiltern Street, London, W1U 4GB

Bankers:

Lloyds TSB Bank Plc, 1 High Street, Carfax, Oxford, OX1 4AA

Solicitors:

Morgan Cole, Buxton Court, 3 West Way, Oxford, OX2 0SZ

Report of the Governing Body

NATURE, OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

The members present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2016.

Legal Status

Activate Learning is an exempt charity under Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011 and from 1st September 2013 to July 2016 was regulated by the Secretary of State for Business, Innovation and Skills as Principal Regulator for all Further Education (FE) Corporations in England. Responsibility for FE has now moved to the Secretary of State for Education. The members of the Corporation Body, who are trustees of the charity, are disclosed on pages 13 - 14.

The Corporation was established by the Secretary of State for Education and Skills on 1 April 2003 under the provisions of the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 for the purpose of conducting the business of Oxford and Cherwell College. On 1 August 2003, the property, rights and liabilities of Oxford College of Further Education, North Oxfordshire College and Rycotewood College were transferred to Oxford and Cherwell College, a Further Education Corporation incorporated for the purposes of running the activities of these three Colleges on a merged basis. At the date of merger, responsibility for the financial operations of the three former Colleges passed to the Members and management of Oxford and Cherwell College.

On 17th August 2005, the Corporation changed its name to Oxford and Cherwell Valley College Corporation (OCVC).

On 1st August 2012, the assets and business of Reading College Limited were transferred to the OCVC Corporation and Reading College Limited ceased trading. Reading College retained a separate identity and continued to be locally managed as a division of OCVC. An Advisory Board was created in 2011/12, which reported to the OCVC Corporation and represented the interests of the local community and employers.

During May 2013, Rocket Consultancy Ltd was wholly acquired by OCVC. On 1st December 2013, the business and assets of Rocket Consultancy Ltd were transferred to Activate Learning. On 1st June 2014, the Apprenticeship and consultancy business of Activate Learning was transferred to Activate Enterprise Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation.

On 1st September 2013, OCVC changed its name to Activate Learning comprising the divisions of City of Oxford College, Banbury & Bicester College and Reading College.

In 2014/15 year the group acquired a 37% share in The Oxfordshire Partnership LLC, an associate operating in Saudi Arabia, via its subsidiary undertaking Activate Learning Investments Limited.

On 1st June 2016 Activate Learning became the sole member of ATG Training a company limited by guarantee and charity (registered charity number 1092902). At this date the business and assets of ATG Training were transferred to Activate Learning.

Mission

To transform lives through learning. To ignite confidence and expand opportunities, energise the community, and generate prosperity.

Report of the Governing Body (continued)

Public Benefit

In setting and reviewing the Corporation's strategic objectives, Members have had due regard for the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and particularly upon its supplementary guidance on the advancement of education. The guidance sets out the requirement that all organisations wishing to be recognised as charities must demonstrate, explicitly, that their aims are for the public benefit.

In delivering its mission, the Corporation provides the following identifiable public benefits through the advancement of education; high-quality teaching and learning, widening participation and tackling social exclusion, routes into employment for students, strong student support systems, links with employers, industry and commerce.

Vision

Far reaching progressive change and impact through learning.

Values

Empowerment; Enterprise; Connectedness; Transformation.

Positioning

A driving force for transformational learning.

Core Thought

Further than Education.

Implementation of Strategic Plan

The Group has six strategic aims / enablers which are actioned and monitored through a number of strategic priorities and key performance indicators:

- Develop entrepreneurially-minded and employable people by creating excellent experiences. We will champion change in student-centred applied vocational education and training by being at the forefront of innovation and enterprise, utilising leading technological developments in our aim to deliver excellence. Our students will be highly skilled, confident, professional and entrepreneuriallyminded employees and citizens.
- Earn a reputation for leading edge, innovative teaching, learning and assessment.
 We will develop and implement curricula to support personalised learning. Our students will become work-ready and employable by Activate Learning responding to customer demands, using market intelligence and working in close liaison with relevant sector leads. This will be achieved by our learning and leadership philosophies.
- Energise our communities and create productive strategic partnerships.
 We will contribute to the economic success of our communities. We will develop, establish and maintain sustainable strategic partnerships, enabling employers, individuals, communities and other stakeholders to share in sustainable growth and future investment across all corporations, schools and divisions.

Report of the Governing Body (continued)

 Inspire collaboration to create high quality environments that provide employment and enterprise opportunities for our students.
 We will deliver a sustainable and efficiently utilised estate. Our facilities will support the collaboration

required within our innovative and entrepreneurial vocational education and training models including the running of learning companies.

- Attract, develop and train a highly qualified, skilled, curious and independent workforce.
 We will be an employer of choice, attracting and retaining the best. We will support personalised learning for all our staff so that they become the best in their field, contributing to our continued developments. Our Leadership Philosophy will support and enhance these developments.
- Ensure continued financial health and solvency through growth, quality, innovation and efficiencies. We will strengthen our position in the educational supply chain through growth in market share and expansion into new markets and territories. We will maintain our outstanding financial status. There will be a renewed and unrelenting focus on value for money ensuring efficient and effective use of resources and information.

CURRENT AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Activate Learning

The Group comprises:

- Banbury and Bicester College;
- Bicester Technology Studio
- City of Oxford College;
- Reading College;
- Activate Enterprise Limited;
- UTC Reading;
- UTC Oxfordshire;
- Activate Learning Education Trust (a multi-academy trust which governs The Bicester School and Bicester Technology Studio);
- The Oxfordshire Partnership (Saudi Arabia) and;
- ATG Training

UTC Oxfordshire opened in September 2015. The Bicester School, an academy school which forms part of Activate Learning Education Trust, was sponsored by Activate Learning with effect from 1st August 2015. The Group is also lead sponsor for Bicester Technology Studio which is opened in September 2016.

Activate Learning is a 37% shareholder in The Oxford Partnership (TOP), a company registered in Saudi Arabia. TOP has a contract with Colleges of Excellence, an agency of the Saudi Government, to run four colleges for women in Saudi Arabia.

For the purposes of these Financial Statements UTC Reading, UTC Oxfordshire and Activate Learning Education Trust are treated as separate legal entities and the results are not, therefore, consolidated. These entities all have academy or multi academy status having individual funding agreements with the

Report of the Governing Body (continued)

Secretary of State and individual governance structures as set out in the Academies Financial Handbook (July 2016).

The Divisions within the Group are managed by locally-based Executives who make decisions based on what their communities need, but the Group oversees the running of the Divisions and provides group shared services.

This structure has strengthened local focus while making best use of shared resources, facilitating growth.

The Group has greater access to funding and a stronger voice when it comes to working with regional, national agencies and other stakeholders.

Financial objectives

The Corporation's financial objectives are:

- to identify, develop and implement key strategic opportunities for new and expanding revenue income streams, as well as growth, through acquisition and in new and existing markets;
- to develop financial strategies to ensure devolved budgets and operational plans improve the group's solvency and support resource utilisation;
- to develop financial systems to ensure timely financial information for senior management and budget holders that supports decision making processes;
- to encourage a culture of open financial accountability and value for money across all colleges and divisions; and
- to identify efficiencies across all activities to maximise both a surplus and protect front-line core delivery.

Performance indicators

The Corporation regularly reviews performance and has set comprehensive key performance indicators, which include financial; quality and students; curriculum; marketing and brand reputation; human resources; and environment.

The Corporation is committed to observing the importance of sector measures and indicators and uses the FE Choices website which looks at measures such as success rates. The Corporation is required to complete the annual Finance Record for the Skills Funding Agency. The Finance Record produces a financial health grading. The current rating, at the time of approving this review, was Satisfactory which is considered acceptable at the current point in the Group's development.

Financial results

The consolidated statements of comprehensive income account on page 25 consolidates the results of Activate Learning and Activate Enterprise Limited, a 37% share of the movement on net assets of The Oxfordshire Partnership and 100% of ATG Training from 1st June 2016. A summary of the Group's income and expenditure is analysed over the page.

Report of The Governing Body (continued)

Activate Learning Group reported a surplus (excluding FRS 102 (28) adjustments and exceptional items) of £1,205k (2015: £228k surplus).

The Group has accumulated reserves of £33.6m (excluding pension liability of £38.6m) and cash balances of £1,679k.

Treasury policies and objectives

Treasury management is the management of the Group's cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.

All borrowing requires the authorisation of the Corporation and complies with the requirements of the Financial Memorandum with the Skills Funding Agency.

Cash flows

Operating cash flow was a net cash in-flow of £4,293k (for 2015 there was a net cash in-flow of £5,120k).

Liquidity

The size of the Group's total borrowing and its approach to interest rate has been calculated to ensure a reasonable cushion between the total cost of servicing debt and operating cash flow.

Summary of results

| £000 | 2015-16 | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|--|
| | Activate Learning | Activate Enterprise | ATG Training | Share of Associate | Group | Group | |
| Total income | 45,063 | 3,858 | 476 | | 49,397 | 53,160 | |
| Total expenditure | (44,072) | (4,060) | (578) | | (48,710) | (52,932) | |
| Gifted Asset on acquisition | | | 518 | | 518 | | |
| Surplus / (deficit) for the year before FRS102 adjustments and exceptional items | 991 | (202) | 416 | | 1,205 | 228 | |
| FRS102 retirement benefits – pension finance cost | (976) | - | - | | (976) | (965) | |
| FRS102 (28) charge | (1,068) | - | - | | (1,068) | (651) | |
| Deficit for the year before exceptional items | (1,053) | (202) | 416 | | (839) | (1,388) | |
| Exceptional items: staff restructuring | (516) | - | - | | (516) | (1,708) | |
| Profit on disposal of assets | 1,763 | | - | | 1,763 | - | |
| Share of operating surplus/(loss) in associate | • | | | 269 | 269 | (32) | |
| Total surplus/(deficit) for the year | 194 | (202) | 416 | 269 | 677 | (3,128) | |

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Report of the Governing Body (continued)

Student numbers

The Group had learners in the period of 14,439 (2015: 18,623).

Achievements

Success rate for the Group is 83.3% (2015: 81.5%) which compared with the latest published national benchmark of 82.3%.

Inspection

Activate Learning was inspected by Ofsted in December 2013. The Corporation was rated as Good with Outstanding features.

Curriculum developments

The Group has made significant progress in curriculum developments linked to stretch, challenge, individualised student review and enterprise & employability.

The introduction of enterprise and employability has been focussed through the development of learning companies – providing real experience of work and through the application of learning within the Corporation's own enterprise ventures.

Other curriculum initiatives include the development of our learning zones and learning coaches, to bring greater emphasis to independent facilitated learning.

Through the UTC developments, there has been much work with project based curriculum development with key industry partners. At UTC Reading employer-endorsed project-based learning has been developed with Microsoft, Cisco, Network Rail and Peter Brett Associates and this model is being extended in our second UTC and incorporated into Corporation-based delivery through our Career College concept.

Payment performance

The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998, which came into force on 1 November 1998, requires Corporations, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, to make payments to suppliers within 30 days of either the provision of goods or services or the date on which the invoice was received. The target set by the Treasury for payment to suppliers within 30 days is 95 per cent. The Group makes every endeavour to adhere to this target.

Future developments

Through the year under review, a major redevelopment of the Blackbird Leys campus of the City of Oxford College was completed. The project saw the creation of the Oxfordshire Technology and Innovations Centre, which was fully operational in September 2016.

Report of the Governing Body (continued)

The Group is lead sponsor of the Bicester Technical Studio in Bicester which also opened in September 2016. As part of the Activate Learning Education Trust the results of the academy are not consolidated.

Having due regard to the current position and principal risks the College believes it will be able to continue in operation and meet all liabilities on an ongoing basis.

RESOURCES

The Group has various resources that it can deploy in pursuit of its strategic objectives.

Financial

The Corporation has £33.6 million of accumulated reserves (excluding a £38.6 million of pension liability).

People

The Group employs 971 people (expressed as full time equivalents), of whom 400 are teaching staff.

Reputation

The Group has a good reputation locally and nationally which is important for it to be successful in attracting students and external relationships.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES:

The Corporation has developed and embedded a system of internal control, including financial, operational and risk management which is designed to protect the Group's assets and reputation.

Based on the strategic plan, the Corporation undertakes a comprehensive review of the risks to which the Group is exposed. They identify systems and procedures, including specific preventable actions which should mitigate any potential impact on the Group. The internal controls are then implemented and the subsequent year's appraisal will review their effectiveness and progress against risk mitigation actions.

In addition to the annual review, the Corporation will also consider any risks which may arise as a result of a new area of work being undertaken by the Group.

A risk register is maintained which is reviewed regularly by the relevant Corporation committees and by the Audit Committee. The risk register identifies the key risks, the likelihood of those risks occurring, their potential impact on the Group and the actions being taken to reduce and mitigate the risks. Risks are prioritised using a consistent scoring system.

Outlined below is a list of some of the principal risk factors that may prevent the Group achieving its objectives, along with mitigations that are in place. Not all the factors are within the Group's control. Other factors besides those listed below may also adversely affect the Group.

 Failure to continually improve student success rates;
 This is mitigated through a developed group improvement plan which includes initiatives to ensure that the right students are on the right course, key performance indicators are identified, monitored and understood and strategies are in place to improve teaching and learning.

Report of the Governing Body (continued)

- Failure to grow sufficiently to offset public sector funding cuts; Research is undertaken into the local market and information collected to identify alternative funding streams and to grow our commercial income streams, particularly through developing strong relationships with employers.
- Inability to recruit staff with appropriate skills and motivation; This is mitigated through effective staff recruitment policies as well as monitoring of employment trends and the group's competitor offer.
- The marketing strategy may not deliver enrolment targets.
 Directors of Curriculum and Growth are appointed in colleges, along with improved 'live' planning processes and coordinated marketing plans.

STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIPS

In line with other Corporations and with universities, Activate Learning has many stakeholders. These include; students, funding agencies, staff, local employers (with specific links), local authorities, government offices, the local community, other FE institutions, trade unions and professional bodies. The Group recognises the importance of these relationships and engages in regular communication with them through the Group Internet site(s) and by meetings.

Equal Opportunities and the employment of disabled persons

The Group considers all applications for employment from disabled persons, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the individuals concerned and guarantees an interview to any disabled applicant who meets the essential criteria for the post. Where an existing employee becomes disabled, every effort is made to ensure that employment with the Group continues. The Group's policy is to provide training, career development and opportunities for promotion which are, as far as possible, identical to those for other employees.

The Group publishes an Annual Equality Report and Equality Objectives to ensure compliance with all relevant equality legislation including the Equality Act 2010. The Group undertakes equality impact assessments on all new policies and procedures and publishes the results. Equality impact assessments are also undertaken for existing policies and procedures on a prioritised basis.

The Group is a 'Positive about Disabled' employer and has committed to the principles and objectives of the Positive about Disabled standard.

Report of the Governing Body (continued)

Disability statement

The Group seeks to achieve the objectives set down in the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 as amended by the Special Education Needs and Disability Act 2001 and 2005. In particular, the Group makes the following commitments:

- as part of the redevelopment of the buildings it is installing lifts and ramps, etc, so that eventually
 most of the facilities will allow access to people with a disability;
- b) there is a list of specialist equipment, lighting for audio facilities, etc, which the Group can make available for use by students;
- c) the admissions policy for all students is described in the Group charter. Appeals against a decision not to offer a place are dealt with under the complaints policy;
- d) the Group has made a significant investment in the appointment of specialist lecturers to support students with learning difficulties and/or disabilities. There are a number of student support assistants who can provide a variety of support for learning. There is a continuing programme of staff development to ensure the provision of a high level of appropriate support for students who have learning difficulties and/or disabilities;
- e) specialists programmes are described in programme information guides, and achievements and destinations are recorded and published in the standard Group format;
- f) counselling and welfare services are described in the Group charter.

Disclosure of Information to Auditors

The members who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditors are unaware; and each member has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 20 December 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

Chairmai

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control

The following statement is provided to enable readers of the annual report and accounts of the Group to obtain a better understanding of its governance and legal structure. This statement covers the period from 1st August to 31st July 2016 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The Group endeavours to conduct its business:

- i. in accordance with the seven principles identified by the Committee on Standards in Public Life (selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership); and
- ii. having due regard to the UK Corporate Governance Code ("the Code") insofar as it is applicable to the further education sector.

The Group is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. In carrying out its responsibilities, it takes full account of The English Colleges' Foundation Code of Governance issued by the Association of Colleges in 2015, which it formally adopted in December 2015. Whilst not complying fully with the UK Corporate Governance Code, we have reported on our Corporate Governance arrangements by drawing upon best practice available, including those aspects of the UK Corporate Governance Governance Code we consider to be relevant to the further education sector and best practice. The Governing Body recognises that, as a body entrusted with both public and private funds, it has a particular duty to observe the highest standards of corporate governance at all times.

The Corporation

The members who served the Corporation during the year and up to the date of signature of this report were as follows:-

| Name | Date of appointment | Term of office | Date of resign- ation | Status of appointment | Attendance at Corporation meetings | Committees Served |
|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| Graham Blackburn (Corporation Chairman) | Reappointed 29.03.11 Extended to 28.03.16 | 4 years | | External | 4/5 | FE&GP,Strategic Learning, Remuneration, Search |
| Sally Dicketts | 01.10.03 | Ex officio | | CEO | 5/5 | FE&GP, Search |
| Marie Brankin | 18.10.11 Reappointed 17.10.15 | 4 years | | External | 5/5 | Audit and Risk |
| Bernard Grenville- Jones | 09.04.11 | 4 years | 07.10.15 | External | 0/0 | Audit and Risk, Search |
| Evelyn James | 18.07.12 | 4 years | | External | 5/5 | Audit and Risk |
| Chris Jones | 29.03.11 Reappointed 28.03.15 | 4 years | | External | 1/5 | |
| racey James | 17.07.13 | 4 years | | External | 4/5 | FE&GP, Search, Remuneration |

| Name | Date of appointment | Term of office | Date of resign- ation | Status of appointment | Attendance at Corporation meetings | Committees Served |
|------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Pauline Odulinski | 08.07.14 | 4 years | | External | 4/5 | Audit and Risk |
| Michael Jennings | 08.07.14 | 4 years | | External | 5/5 | Audit and Risk |
| James Dipple | 08.07.14 | 4 years | | External | 5/5 | FE&GP, Search |
| Julia Von Klonowski | 14.10.14 | 4 years | 5. | External | 2/5 | FE&GP |
| Nina Robinson | 24.03.15 | 4 years | | External | 5/5 | Audit and Risk |
| Paddy Austin | 14.07.15 | 4 years | | External | 4/5 | FE&GP, Search |
| Jamie Dunn | 22.03.16 | 4 years | | External | 3/3 | 11. 11 |
| Craig Marshall | 22.03.16 | 4 years | | External | 2/3 | - |
| Dermot Mathias | 12.07.16 | 4 years | | External | 3/3 | |
| Stuart Trafford | 12.07.06 | 4 years | _ | External | 1/1 | |
| Peter Hudson | 09.10.15 | 2 years | | Staff Governor - Business | 4/5 | |
| Sara Britten Jones | 09.10.15 | 2 years | | Staff Governor- Academic | 5/5 | <u>,</u> |
| Owen Street | 09.10.15 | 1 year | | Sudent Governor | 3/5 | |

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control (continued)

Katy Whife served as Clerk to the Corporation during 2015/16.

It is the Corporation's responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct.

The Corporation is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the College together with other information such as performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, quality matters and personnel related matters such as health and safety and environmental issues. The Corporation meets five times in each year.

The Corporation conducts its business through a number of committees. Each committee has terms of reference, which have been approved by the Corporation. These committees are 'Finance Estates & General Purposes', 'Remuneration', 'Search', and 'Audit and Risk'. Full minutes of all meetings, except

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control (continued)

those deemed to be confidential by the Corporation, are available on the College's website at <u>www.activatelearning.ac.uk</u> or from the Clerk to the Corporation at:

Activate Learning, Oxpens Road, Oxford OX1 1SA

The Clerk to the Corporation maintains a register of financial and personal interests of the governors. The register is available for inspection at the above address.

All members are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the Group's expense and have access to the Clerk to the Corporation, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are complied with. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Clerk are matters for the Corporation as a whole.

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to governors in a timely manner, prior to Board meetings. Briefings are also provided on an ad-hoc basis.

The Corporation has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision making process. The Corporation considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chairman of the Corporation and Chief Executive of the Group are separate.

Appointments to the Corporation

Any new appointments to the Corporation are a matter for the consideration of the Corporation as a whole. The Corporation has a search committee which is responsible for the selection and nomination of any new member for the Corporation's consideration. The Corporation is responsible for ensuring that appropriate training is provided as required.

Members of the Corporation are appointed for a term of office not exceeding 4 years.

Remuneration Committee

Throughout the year ending 31 July 2016, the College's remuneration committee had six members. The committee's responsibilities are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration and benefits of the Group Chief Executive and other senior post-holders.

Details of remuneration for the year ended 31 July 2016 are set out in notes 8 of the financial statements.

Audit Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee comprises four members of the Corporation (who exclude the Group Chief Executive and Chairman) and one co-opted member. The committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Corporation. Its purpose is to advise the Corporation on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control and its arrangements for risk management, control and governance processes.

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control (continued)

The Audit and Risk Committee meets three times in each year and provides a forum for reporting by the Group's internal and financial statement auditors, who have access to the Committee for independent discussion, without the presence of Group management. The Committee may also occasionally receive and consider reports from the SFA and EFA, as they affect the Group's business.

The Group's internal auditors monitor the systems of internal control, risk management controls and governance processes in accordance with an agreed plan of input and report their findings to management and the Audit and Risk Committee.

Management is responsible for the implementation of agreed recommendations and internal audit undertake periodic follow up reviews to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Audit and Risk Committee also advises the Corporation on the appointment of internal and financial statements auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work as well as reporting annually to the Corporation.

Internal Control

Scope of responsibility

The Corporation is ultimately responsible for the Group's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Corporation has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Group Chief Executive, as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the Group's policies, aims and objectives whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which she is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to her in the Financial Memorandum between the Group and the Skills Funding Agency (SFA). She is also responsible for reporting to the Corporation any material weaknesses or break-downs in internal control.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of college policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in the Group for the year ended 31 July 2016 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administration procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

 Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget, which is reviewed and agreed by the Corporation;

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control (continued)

- Regular reviews by the Corporation of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts;
- Setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines; and
- The adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

The Group has an internal audit service, which operates in accordance with requirements of the SFA and EFA's Joint Audit Code of Practice. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the Group is exposed, and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis.

The analysis of risks and the internal audit plans are endorsed by the Corporation on the recommendation of the Audit and Risk Committee.

As a minimum, the Head of Internal Audit (HIA) annually provides the Corporation with a report on internal audit activity in the Group. The report includes the HIA's independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

The risk and control framework

The corporation has reviewed the key risks to which the college is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate these risks. The Corporation is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks that has been in place for the period 31 July 2016 and up to the date of approval of these accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the Corporation.

Review of effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Group Chief Executive has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The Group Chief Executive's review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- The work of the internal auditors;
- The work of the executive managers within the Group who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework; and
- Comments made by the Group's financial statements auditors in their management letter and other reports.

The Group Chief Executive has been advised on the implications of the result of her review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Audit and Risk Committee which oversees the work of the internal auditor and other sources of assurance, and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

The Senior Management Team receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training. The Senior Management Team and Audit and Risk Committee also receive regular reports from internal audit and other sources of

Statement of Corporate Governance and Internal Control (continued)

assurance, which include recommendations for improvement. The Audit and Risk Committee's role in this area is confined to a high-level review of the arrangements for internal control. The Corporation's agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control and receives reports thereon from the Senior Management Team and the Audit and Risk Committee. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception. At its December 2016 meeting, the Corporation carried out the annual assessment for the year ended 31 July 2016 by considering documentation from the Senior Management Team and internal audit, and taking account of events since 31 July 2016.

The Corporation has reviewed the key risks to which the Group is exposed, together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Corporation is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the Group's significant risks that has been in place for the period ending 31 July 2016 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the Corporation.

Based on the advice of the Audit and Risk Committee and the Chief Executive, the Corporation is of the opinion that the College has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control, and has fulfilled its statutory responsibility for "the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the body and the safeguarding of their assets".

Capacity to handle risk

The Corporation has reviewed the key risks to which the College is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Corporation is of view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks that has been in place for the period ending 31 July 2016 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the Corporation.

Going Concern

The College has agreed additional facilities from its bankers in order to meet its obligations as they fall due. With these facilities, the Corporation considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 20 December 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

Chairman

Group Chief Executive

Governing Body's statement on the College's regularity, propriety and compliance with Funding body terms and conditions of funding

The Corporation has considered its responsibility to notify the Skills Funding Agency of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with Skills Funding Agency terms and conditions of funding, under the financial memorandum in place between the College and the Skills Funding Agency. As part of its consideration the Corporation has had due regard to the requirements of the financial memorandum.

We confirm, on behalf of the Corporation, that to the best of its knowledge, the Corporation believes it is able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the College, or material non-compliance with the Skills Funding Agency's terms and conditions of funding under the College's financial memorandum.

We confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the Skills Funding Agency.

Chairmar

Group Chief Executive

Statement of the responsibilities of the members of the Corporation

The members of the Corporation of the Group are required to present audited financial statements for each financial year.

Within the terms and conditions of the Financial Memorandum between the Skills Funding Agency and the Corporation of the Group, the Corporation, through its Group Chief Executive, is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with the 2015 Statement of Recommended Practice-Accounting for Further and Higher Education and with the College Accounts Direction 2015 to 2016 issued jointly by the Skills Funding Agency and the Education Funding Agency, and which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the result for that year.

In preparing the financial statements, the Corporation is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Group will continue in operation.

The Corporation is also required to prepare a Report of the Governing Body which describes what it is trying to do and how it is going about it, including the legal and administrative status of the Group.

The Corporation is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and which enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the relevant legislation of incorporation and other relevant accounting standards. It is responsible for taking steps that are reasonably open to it to safeguard assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The maintenance and integrity of the Activate Learning website is the responsibility of the governing body of the Group; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Members of the Corporation are responsible for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and that the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them. In addition they are responsible for ensuring that funds from the EFA and the SFA are used only in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the Skills Funding Agency and any other conditions that may be prescribed from time to time. Members of the Corporation must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public and other funds and ensure they are used properly. In addition, members of the Corporation are responsible for securing economical, efficient and effective management of the Group's resources and expenditure so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds by the EFA and SFA are not put at risk.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 20 December 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

Chairman

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of the Corporation of Activate Learning

We have audited the financial statements ("the financial statements") of Activate Learning for the year ended 31 July 2016 which comprise the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated and College Statement of Changes in Reserves, the Consolidated and College Statement of Financial Position and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK accounting standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Respective Responsibilities of the Corporation of Activate Learning and Auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Corporation's responsibilities set out on page 21, the Corporation is responsible for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report is made solely to the Corporation, as a body, in accordance with Article 22 of the College's Articles of Government. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Corporation, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Corporation, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and College's affairs as at 31 July 2016 and
 of the Group's surplus of income over expenditure for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Joint Audit Code of Practice issued jointly by the Skills Funding Agency and the Education Funding Agency requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

22/12/2016

Richard Bott (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Mazars LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 90 Victoria Street Bristol BS1 6DP

Independent regularity report to the Corporation of Activate Learning ('the Corporation') and the Chief Executive of Skills Funding Agency

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 26 May 2016 and further to the requirements of the financial memorandum with Skills Funding Agency, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether anything has come to our attention that would suggest that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received by Activate Learning during the period 1 August 2015 to 31 July 2016 have not been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

The framework that has been applied is set out in the Joint Audit Code of Practice issued jointly by Skills Funding Agency and Education Funding Agency. In line with this framework, our work has specifically not considered income received from the main funding grants generated through the Individualised Learner Record (ILR) returns, for which Skills Funding Agency has other assurance arrangements in place.

This report is made solely to the corporation of Activate Learning and the Skills Funding Agency in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the corporation of Activate Learning and Skills Funding Agency those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the corporation of Activate Learning and Skills Funding Agency for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Activate Learning and the reporting accountant

The corporation of Activate Learning is responsible, under the requirements of the Further & Higher Education Act 1992, subsequent legislation and related regulations and guidance, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Joint Audit Code of Practice. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 August 2015 to 31 July 2016 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Joint Audit Code of Practice issued jointly by Skills Funding Agency and Education Funding Agency. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in that framework.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity of the college's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- Reviewed the statement on the College's regularity, propriety and compliance with funding body terms and conditions of funding.
- Reviewed the College's completed self-assessment questionnaire on regularity.
- Read the financial memorandum with the SFA

Independent regularity report to the Corporation of Activate Learning ('the Corporation') and the Chief Executive of Skills Funding Agency (cont)

- Tested a sample of expenditure disbursed and income received to consider whether they have been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and in accordance with funding agreements where relevant.
- Obtained the policy for personal gifts and/or hospitality.
- Obtained the register of personal interests.
- Obtained the financial regulations/financial procedures.
- Obtained the College's whistleblowing policy.

Conclusion

In the course of our work nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 August 2015 to 31 July 2016 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Majors

Mazars LLP 90 Victoria Street Bristol BS1 6DP

2n/in/2016

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

| | Notes | Year ended 31 July | | Year ended 31 July | | |
|--|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | 2016 Group £'000 | 2016 College £'000 | 2015 Group £'000 | 2015 College £'000 | |
| INCOME Funding body grants Tuition fees and education contracts Other grants and contracts Other income Investment income | 3 4 5 6 7 | 38,656 6,456 329 4,468 4 | 33,759 6,783 329 4,158 33 | 40,973 6,760 786 4,635 6 | 36,018 5,456 786 3,985 6 | |
| Total Income | | 49,913 | 45,063 | 53,160 | 46,251 | |
| EXPENDITURE Staff costs Fundamental restructuring costs Other operating expenses Depreciation Interest and other finance costs | 8 9 10 13 11 | 31,040 516 14,171 4,013 1,527 | 28,208 519 12,381 3,996 1,527 | 33,458 1,708 15,532 3,975 1,583 | 30,291 1,593 10,975 3,975 1,583 | |
| Total expenditure | - | 51,268 | 46,632 | 56,256 | 48,417 | |
| (Deficit) before other gains and losses | - | (1,355) | (1,569) | (3,096) | (2,166) | |
| Profit on disposal of assets Share of operating surplus in associates | | 1,763 269 | 1,763 | (32) | | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) before tax | - | 677 | 194 | (3,128) | (2,166) | |
| Taxation | 12 | - | • | - | - | |
| Surplus/(deficit) for the year Actuarial loss in respect of pensions schemes | - 23 | 677 (10,834) | 194 (10,834) | (3,128) (3,040) | (2,166) (3,040) | |
| Total Comprehensive income for the year | - | (10,156) | (10,640) | (6,168) | (5,206) | |
| | | | | | | |

The income and expenditure account is in respect of continuing activities.

Consolidated and College Statement of Changes in Reserves

| | Income and Expenditure account | Revaluation reserve | Total |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Group | | | |
| Balance at 1st August 2014 | 898 | 10,383 | 11,281 |
| Deficit from the income and expenditure account Other comprehensive income | (3,128) (3,040) | 14 - | (3,128) (3,040) |
| Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves | 170 | (170) | - |
| | (5,998) | (170) | (6,168) |
| Balance at 31st July 2015 | (5,100) | 10,213 | 5,113 |
| Surplus from the income and expenditure account Other comprehensive income | 677 | | 677 |
| Transfers between revaluation and income and | (10,834) | | (10,834) |
| expenditure reserves | 170 | (170) | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | (9,986) | (170) | (10,156) |
| Balance at 31st July 2016 | (15,086) | 10,043 | (5,043) |
| College | | | |
| Balance at 1st August 2014 | 944 | 10,383 | 11,327 |
| Deficit from the income and expenditure account | (2,166) | | (2,166) |
| Other comprehensive income | (3,040) | | (3,040) |
| Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves | 170 | (170) | - |
| | (5,036) | (170) | (5,206) |
| Balance at 31st July 2015 | (4,092) | 10,213 | 6,121 |
| Surplus from the income and expenditure account Other comprehensive income | 194 | | 194 |
| • | (10,834) | | (10,834) |
| Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves | 170 | (170) | 2-3 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | (10,469) | (170) | (10,639) |
| Balance at 31st July 2016 | (14,561) | 10,043 | (4,518) |
| - | 26 | | |

Activate Learning

Members' report and financial statements For the Year end of 31 July 2016

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 July 2016

| Fixed assets 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2000 | | Notes | Group | College | Group | College |
|--|---|--------|----------|----------|----------|-------------------|
| Fixed assets From | | 110(65 | Group | College | Group | Coueda |
| Fixed assets 13 58,648 58,145 54,432 54,432 Investments 14 269 58,917 58,145 54,432 54,432 Current assets 15 40 - - - - - Assets held for sale - - - - - - - Trade and other receivables 16 2,813 3,436 3,466 3,97 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 4,532 5,042 4,704 5,214 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year 17 (7,845) (7,258) (8,890) (8,392 Net current assets (3,313) (2,216) (4,186) (3,178) Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) (998) Total net (liabilities) / assets | | | | | | 2015 |
| Tangible fixed assets 13 58,648 58,145 54,432 54,432 Investments 14 269 56,917 58,145 54,432 54,432 Current assets 50,617 58,145 54,432 54,432 54,432 54,432 Current assets 15 40 - | Elved openie | | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Investments 14 269 Current assets 58,917 58,145 54,432 54,432 Stocks 15 40 - - Assets held for sale - - 374 37. Trade and other receivables 16 2,813 3,436 3,466 3.97. Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Variable 5,042 4,704 5,214 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year 17 (7,845) (7,258) (8,890) (8,392 Net current assets (3,313) (2,216) (4,186) (3,178) Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Defined benefit obligations 20 (38,644) (25,816) (25,816) | | 13 | 58.648 | 58,145 | 54,432 | 54,432 |
| Current assets Stocks 15 40 - - Assets held for sale - - 374 37. Trade and other receivables 16 2,813 3,436 3,466 3,97 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year 17 (7,845) (7,258) (8,890) (8,392) Net current assets (3,313) (2,216) (4,186) (3,178) Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Defined benefit obligations 23 (38,644) (38,644) (25,816) (25,816) </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> | - | | | | | , |
| Stocks 15 40 - - Assets held for sale - - 374 374 Trade and other receivables 16 2,813 3,436 3,466 3,97 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 (7,845) (7,258) (8,890) (8,392 Net current assets (3,313) (2,216) (4,186) (3,178 Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Defined benefit obligations 23 (38,644) (38,644) (25,816) (25,816 | | - | 58,917 | 58,145 | 54,432 | 54,432 |
| Assets held for sale - - 374 374 Trade and other receivables 16 2,813 3,436 3,466 3,97 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 4,532 5,042 4,704 5,214 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year 17 (7,845) (7,258) (8,890) (8,392) Net current assets (3,313) (2,216) (4,186) (3,178) Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Other provisions 20 (5,043) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 Unrestricted reserves 10,043 10,213 10,213 10,213 10,213 | | - | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables 16 2,813 3,436 3,466 3,977 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year 17 (7,845) (7,258) (8,890) (8,392 Net current assets 3,313 (2,216) (4,186) (3,178 Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Total net (liabilities) / assets | | 15 | 40 | - | | - 274 |
| Cash and cash equivalents 21 1,679 1,606 864 863 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year 17 (7,845) (7,258) (8,890) (8,392 Net current assets (3,313) (2,216) (4,186) (3,178) Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions 23 (38,644) (38,644) (25,816) (25,816) (25,816) Other provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Total net (liabilities) / assets (5,043) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 Unrestricted reserves (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Income and expenditure account (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,213 10,213 10,213 | | 16 | 2.813 | 3.436 | - · · | |
| 4,532 5,042 4,704 5,214 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year 17 (7,845) (7,258) (8,890) (8,392) Net current assets (3,313) (2,216) (4,186) (3,178) Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Other provisions 20 (1,173) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 Unrestricted reserves income and expenditure account Revaluation reserve (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Income and expenditure account Revaluation reserve (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) | | | | | | 863 |
| Net current assets (3,313) (2,216) (4,186) (3,178) Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions 23 (38,644) (38,644) (25,816) (25,816) Defined benefit obligations 23 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Total net (liabilities) / assets (5,043) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 Unrestricted reserves 10,043 10,043 10,213 10,213 | · | - | 4,532 | 5,042 | 4,704 | 5,214 |
| Total assets less current liabilities 55,604 55,929 50,246 51,254 Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions 23 (38,644) (38,644) (25,816) (25,816) (25,816) Other provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Total net (liabilities) / assets (5,043) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 Unrestricted reserves (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Income and expenditure account (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,213 10,213 10,213 | Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year | 17 | (7,845) | (7,258) | (8,890) | (8,392) |
| Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions Defined benefit obligations 23 (38,644) (38,644) (25,816) (25,816) Other provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Total net (liabilities) / assets (5,043) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 Unrestricted reserves (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Income and expenditure account (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,213 10,213 10,213 | Net current assets | - | (3,313) | (2,216) | (4,186) | (3,178) |
| year 18 (20,830) (20,830) (18,319) (18,319) Provisions Defined benefit obligations 23 (38,644) (38,644) (25,816) (25,816) Other provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Total net (liabilities) / assets (5,043) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 Unrestricted reserves (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Income and expenditure account (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,043 10,213 10,213 | Total assets less current liabilities | | 55,604 | 55,929 | 50,246 | 51,254 |
| Defined benefit obligations 23 (38,644) (38,644) (25,816) (25,816) Other provisions 20 (1,173) (973) (998) (998) Total net (liabilities) / assets (5,043) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 Unrestricted reserves (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Income and expenditure account (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,213 10,213 10,213 | • • | 18 | (20,830) | (20,830) | (18,319) | (18,319) |
| Unrestricted reserves Income and expenditure account (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,213 10,213 | Defined benefit obligations | | | | | (25,816) (998) |
| Unrestricted reserves Income and expenditure account (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,213 10,213 | Total net (liabilities) / assets | - | (5.043) | (4.518) | 5,113 | 6.121 |
| Income and expenditure account (15,086) (14,561) (5,100) (4,092) Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,213 10,213 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | (0,0.07 | (| | of the f |
| Revaluation reserve 10,043 10,213 10,213 | Unrestricted reserves | | | | | |
| Total unrestricted reserves (5,043) (4,518) 5,113 6,121 | | | | | | (4,092) 10,213 |
| | Total unrestricted reserves | _ | (5,043) | (4,518) | 5,113 | 6,121 |

The financial statements on pages **25 to 61** were approved and authorised for issue by the Corporation on 20 December 2016 and were signed on its behalf on that date by:

...... Chair

Group Chief Executive

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

| | Notes | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
|---|-------|---|----------------------------------|
| Cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities Surplus/(deficit) for the year Adjustment for non cash items | | 677 | (3,093) |
| Depreciation (note 13) Gift of net asset of ATG Training Share of operating (profit)/loss of associate Deferred capital grants released to income (note 17) FRS 102 (28) pension charge (note 23) | | 4,013 (518) (269) (550) 1,068 | 3,975 - 32 (555) 651 |
| (Increase)/decrease in stock (Increase)/decrease in debtors (note 16) Increase/(decrease) in creditors (note 17) (Decrease) in provisions (note 20) | | (40) 1,672 (1,430) (74) | (598) 3,236 (34) |
| Adjustment for investing or financing activities | | | |
| Interest receivable (note 7) Interest payable (note 11) Profit on sale of assets held for sale | | (4) 1,511 (1,763) | (6) 1,512 - |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | - | 4,293 | 5,120 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Purchase of subsidiary (net of cash acquired) | | 109 | |
| Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale | | 2,138 | - |
| Interest received | | 4 | 6 |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets Deferred capital grants received | | (7,720) | (5,872) |
| Deleneu capital grants received | _ | 3,252 | 1,253 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | - | (2,217) | (4,613) |
| Interest paid Repayment of bank loans | | (535) (726) | (587) (541) |
| | | (1,261) | (1,128) |
| Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents in the year | | 815 | (621) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year | 20 | 864 | 1,485 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year | 20 | 1,679 | 864 |

Notes (forming part of the financial statements)

1 General information

These financial statements comprising the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated and College Statement of Changes in Reserves, Statement of Financial Position and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes 1 to 26 constitute the consolidated financial statements of Activate Learning for the financial year ended 31 July 2016.

Activate Learning is an exempt charity under Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011 and from 1st September 2013 until July 2016 was regulated by the Secretary of State for Business, Innovation and Skills as Principal Regulator for all Further Education (FE) Corporations in England. Responsibility has now moved to the Secretary of State for Education. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Report of the Governing Body at page 4.

The financial statements have been presented in Pounds Sterling as this is the functional currency of the Group and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand pounds (£000) except when otherwise indicated.

The Group transitioned from UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 August 2014. An explanation of how transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 26.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102). These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102.

Notes (forming part of the financial statements)

2 Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention as modified by the use of previous valuations as deemed cost at transition for certain nonlicurrent assets.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the College and its subsidiaries, Activate Enterprise, Activate Learning Investments Limited and ATG Training controlled by the Group. Control is achieved where the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated income and expenditure account from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal.

Intra group sales and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation. All financial statements are made up to 31 July 2016.

Going concern

The activities of the College, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Members Report. The financial position of the College, its cash-flow, liquidity and borrowings are presented in the Financial Statements and accompanying Notes.

The College currently has £10.7m of loans outstanding with bankers. The College has agreed in principal an overdraft facility with its bankers but the final amount is yet to be set. It is anticipated this will be concluded shortly.

The College's forecasts and financial projections indicate that it will be able to operate within this existing facility and covenants for the foreseeable future.

Accordingly the College has a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and for this reason will continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of its Financial Statements.

Recognition of income

Government revenue grants include funding body recurrent grants and other grants and are accounted for under the accrual model as permitted by FRS 102. Funding body recurrent grants are measured in line with best estimates for the period of what is receivable and depend on the particular income stream involved.

Any under or over achievement for the Adult Skills Budget is adjusted for and reflected in the level of recurrent grant recognised in the income and expenditure account. The final grant income is normally determined with the conclusion of the year end reconciliation process with the funding body following the year end, and the results of any funding audits. 16-18 learner-responsive funding is not normally subject to reconciliation and is therefore not subject to contract adjustments.

The recurrent grant from HEFCE represents the funding allocations attributable to the current financial year and is credited direct to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Grants (including research grants) from non government sources are recognised in income when the College is entitled to the income and performance related conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the balance sheet and released to income as the conditions are met.

Government capital grants are capitalised, held as deferred income and recognised in income over the expected useful life of the asset, under the accrual method as permitted by FRS 102. Other capital grants are recognised in income when the College is entitled to the funds subject to any performance related conditions being met.

Income from tuition fees is stated gross of any expenditure which is not a discount and is recognised in the period for which it is received.

All income from short term deposits is credited to the income and expenditure account in the period in which it is earned on a receivable basis.

Accounting for post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits to employees of the College are principally provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). These are defined benefit plans, which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Second Pension.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme. Contributions to the TPS are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the College in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of valuations using a prospective benefit method. The TPS is a multi-employer scheme and the College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution plan and the contributions recognised as an expense in the income statement in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

The LGPS is a funded scheme. The assets of the LGPS are measured using closing fair values. LGPS liabilities are measured using the projected unit credit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations.

The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

Short term Employment benefits

Short term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences (holiday pay) are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the College. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the College expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

Enhanced Pensions

The actual cost of any enhanced ongoing pension to a former member of staff is paid by a college annually. An estimate of the expected future cost of any enhancement to the ongoing pension of a former member of staff is charged in full to the College's income in the year that the member of staff retires. In subsequent years a charge is made to provisions in the balance sheet using the enhanced pension spreadsheet provided by the funding bodies.

Non-current Assets - Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Certain items of fixed assets that had been revalued to fair value on or prior to the date of transition to the 2015 FE HE SORP, are measured on the basis of deemed cost, being the revalued amount at the date of that revaluation.

Land and buildings

Freehold buildings are depreciated on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives as follows:

- 50 years
- Refurbishments useful economic life

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Freehold buildings are depreciated over their expected useful economic life to the College.

Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants, they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are credited to a deferred income account within creditors, and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a systematic basis consistent with the depreciation policy. The deferred income is allocated between creditors due within one year and those due after more than one year.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of any fixed asset may not be recoverable.

On adoption of FRS 102, the College followed the transitional provision to retain the book value of land and buildings, which were revalued in 1996, as deemed cost but not to adopt a policy of revaluations of these properties in the future.

Assets under construction

Assets under construction are accounted for at cost, based on the value of architects' certificates and other direct costs, incurred to 31 July 2016. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

Subsequent expenditure on existing fixed assets

Where significant expenditure is incurred on tangible fixed assets after initial purchase it is charged to income in the period it is incurred, unless it increases the future benefits to the College, in which case it is capitalised and depreciated on the relevant basis.

Equipment

Equipment costing less than £1,000 per individual item is recognised as expenditure in the period of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

Capitalised equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis over its remaining useful economic life as follows:

- General equipment 6 years
- Motor vehicles 4 years
- Computer equipment 3 years
- Furniture, fixtures and fittings 5 years

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

Leased assets

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term. Any lease premiums or incentives relating to leases signed after 1st August 2014 are spread over the minimum lease term. The College has taken advantage of the transitional exemptions in FRS 102 and has retained the policy of spreading lease premiums and incentives to the date of the first market rent review for leases signed before 1st August 2014.

Leasing agreements which transfer to the College substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as finance leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised initially at the fair value of the leased asset (or, if lower, the present value of minimum lease payments) at the inception of the lease. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Assets held under finance leases are included in tangible fixed assets and depreciated and assessed for impairment losses in the same way as owned assets.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital element outstanding.

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment in the individual financial statements.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are recognised initially in the consolidated Statement of Financial Position at the transaction price and subsequently adjusted to reflect the group's share of total comprehensive income and equity of the associate, less any impairment.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition, although treated as goodwill, is presented as part of the investment in the associate. Amortisation is charged so as to allocate the cost of goodwill over its estimated useful life, using the straight line method. Losses in excess of the carrying amount of an investment in an associate are recorded as a provision only when the College has incurred legal or constructive obligations or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of their cost and net realisable value, being selling price less costs to complete and sell. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective items.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty.

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value. An investment qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has maturity of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form.

All loans, investments and short term deposits held by the Group are classified as basic financial instruments in accordance with FRS 102. These instruments are initially recorded at the transaction price less any transaction costs (historical cost). FRS 102 requires that basic financial instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost, however the Group has calculated that the difference between the historical cost and

amortised cost basis is not material and so these financial instruments are stated on the balance sheet at historical cost. Loans and investments that are payable or receivable within one year are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial period with all resulting exchange differences being taken to income in the period in which they arise.

Taxation

The College is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the College is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Sections 478-488 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

The College is partially exempt in respect of Value Added Tax, so that it can only recover 3% of the VAT charged on its inputs. irrecoverable VAT on inputs is included in the costs of such inputs and added to the cost of tangible fixed assets as appropriate, where the inputs themselves are tangible fixed assets by nature.

The College's subsidiary companies are subject to corporation tax and VAT in the same way as any commercial organisation.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the Obligation is recognised at present value using a pre tax discount rate. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income in the period it arises.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the College a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the College. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either itis not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the balance sheet but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Agency arrangements

The College acts as an agent in the collection and payment of discretionary support funds and related payments received from the funding bodies and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the income and expenditure of the College where the College is exposed to minimal risk or enjoys minimal economic benefit related to the transaction.

In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following judgements:

 Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible assets, including goodwill. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability

and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Careful consideration has been given to which entities the Corporation has control over and the
appropriate decision made as to whether to consolidate or not.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 25, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2013 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 July 2016. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

Provision for Bad Debt

Provision for bad debt has been made at a level considered prudent in the light of past experience.

Consolidation

The group has a quasi-subsidiary which is a charity. As charities do not have share capital the Group has judged that is has control of this entity through representation on their Board of Trustees, and it is therefore considered to be a quasi-subsidiary. The Activate Learning group umbrella includes a number of academies, the Group has judged that it does not have control of them so as to obtain benefits from their activities. Therefore the Group therefore does not consolidate them into its financial statements.
Notes to the Accounts (continued)

3 Funding council grants

| | Year ended 31 July | | Year ended 31 July | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| | 2016 | 2016 | 2015 | 2015 |
| | Group | College | Group | College |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Recurrent grants | | | | |
| Skills Funding Agency | 4,439 | 4,436 | 6,172 | 6,023 |
| Education Funding Agency | 27,286 | 26,810 | 26,602 | 26,602 |
| Higher Education Funding Council | - | - | 48 | 48 |
| Specific Grants | | | | |
| Skills Funding Agency | 6,660 | 2,242 | 7,838 | 3,032 |
| Releases of government capital grants | 271 | 271 | 313 | 313 |
| Total | 38,656 | 33,759 | 40,973 | 36,018 |

4 Tuition fees and education contracts Year ended 31 July Year ended 31 July 2016 2016 2015 2015 Group College Group College £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 Total tuition fees 4,934 4,730 4,720 3,880 Education contracts 1,522 2,053 2,040 1,576 6,456 6,783 6,760 5,456 Total

5 Other grants and contracts

| | Year ended 31 July | | Year ended 31 July Year ended 3 | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------------|---------|
| | 2016 | 2016 | 2015 | 2015 |
| | Group | College | Group | College |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Release of Capital Grant - Other | 279 | 279 | 241 | 241 |
| Other Grants - Curriculum Areas | 10 | 10 | 31 | 31 |
| Other Grants - Support Areas & CEP | 40 | 40 | 514 | 514 |
| | 329 | 329 | 786 | 786 |

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

6 Other Income

| | Year ended 31 July | | Year ended 31 . | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| | 2016 | 2016 | 2015 | 2015 |
| | Group | College | Group | College |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Catering and residences | 753 | 753 | 970 | 970 |
| Other income generating activities | 3,145 | 3,357 | 2,670 | 2,020 |
| Miscellaneous income | 52 | 48 | 995 | 995 |
| Gift of net assets of ATG | 518 | | | - |
| | 4,468 | 4,158 | 4,635 | 3,985 |
| Total | | | | |

| 7 Investment Income | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 July | | Year ended 31 July | |
| | 2016 Group £'000 | 2016 College £'000 | 2015 Group £'000 | 2015 College £'000 |
| Group interest receivable Other interest receivable | - 4 | 29 4 | 6 | - 6 |
| Total interest income on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss | 4 | 33 | 6 | 6 |

8 Staff costs - Group and College

The average number of persons (including key management personnel) employed by the College during the year, described as full-time equivalents, was:

| | 2016 No. £'000 | 2015 No. £'000 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Teaching staff Non teaching staff | 400 571 | 436 637 |
| | 971 | 1,073 |
| Staff costs for the above persons | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
| Wages and salaries | 23,825 | 26,815 |
| Social security costs Other pension costs (includes FRS102 (28) adjustments of £1,068,000, 2015: £651,000) | 1,722 4,255 | 1,862 3,694 |
| Payroll sub total Contracted out staffing services | 29,802 1,238 | 32,371 1,087 |
| Staff costs Fundamental restructuring costs - non contractual | 31,040 133 | 33,458 1,708 |
| | 31,173 | 35,166 |

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and are represented by the Group Executive Team which includes the Group Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive of Activate Enterprise and Group Executive Directors responsible for Further Education faculties, schools and ATG Training.

Emoluments of Key management personnel, Group Chief Executive and other higher paid staff

| | 2016 No. | 2015 No. |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| The number of key management personnel including the Group Chief Executive | 8 | 7 |

The number of key management personnel and other staff who received emoluments, excluding pension contributions but including benefits in kind, in the following ranges was:

| | 2016 Key | 2016 Other | 2015 Key | 2015 Other |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| | Management Personnel | staff | Management Personnel | staff |
| £20,001 to £30,000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| £60,001 to £70,000 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| £70,001 to £80,000 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| £80,001 to £90,000 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| £90,001 to £100,000 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| £100,001 to £110,000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| £110,001 to £120,000 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| £120,001 to £130,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| £130,001 to £140,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| £140,001 to £150,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| £150,001 to £160,000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| £160,001 to £170,000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| £170,001 to £180,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| £180,001 to £190,000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 8 | 10 | 7 | 8 |

The increase in cost reflects an investment in growth for the future

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

8 Staff costs - Group and College

Key management personnel emoluments are made up as follows:

| Key management personner enroldments are made up as follows. | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
|--|---------------|-----------------|
| Salaries Benefits in kind | 875 6 | 732 6 738 |
| Pension contributions | 128 | 118 |
| Total emoluments | 1,009 | 856 |

The above emoluments include amounts payable to the Group Chief Executive (who is also the highest post holder) of:

| | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Salaries Benefits in kind | 168 5 | 152 4 |
| | 173 | 156 |
| Pension contributions | 18 | 18 |

Compensation for loss of office paid to former key management personnel

| | 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Compensation paid to the former post-holders - contractual Estimated value of other benefits, including | 80 - | 37 |
| provisions for pension benefits | | |

The severance payment was approved by the College's remuneration committee.

The members of the Corporation other than the Group Chief Executive and the staff member did not receive any payment from the institution other than the reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses incurred in the course of their duties.

| 9 Fundamental restructuring costs | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Exceptional staff restructuring Reorganisation costs – early retirement | 132 | 1,708 |
| costs & professional fees | 384 | 7 |
| | 516 | 1,708 |

| 10 Other operating | | | | | |
|---|--------|----------|--------|--|--|
| expenses | | | | ended 31 | |
| | July 2 | 016 2016 | 2015 | | |
| | • | 2015 | | | |
| | Group | College | Group | College | |
| Teaching costs | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | |
| Non teaching | 6,695 | 6,230 | 7,665 | 3,108 | |
| costs Premises | 3,622 | 3,378 | 3,508 | 3,563 | |
| costs | 3,324 | 2,428 | 3,578 | 3,578 | |
| Impairment of trade receivables | 426 | 345 | 781 | 726 | |
| The amount of stock recognised as an expense | 105 | - | 101 | 720 | |
| - Foreign exchange losses / (gains) | | - | - | | |
| Operating lease payments recognised as an expense | | | * | - | |
| Total | 14,171 | 12,381 | 15,532 | 10,975 | |
| Other operating expenses include: | | 2016 | | 2015 | |
| • • • • • | | £'000 | | £'000 | |
| Auditors' remuneration: | | 26 | | 00 | |
| Financial statements | | 37 | | - 26 54 | |
| audit* Internal audit** | | 1 | | 5 | |
| Other services provided by the financial statements auditors Other services provided by the internal | | · | | Ť | |
| auditors | 20 | | | ······································ | |

includes £20,500 in respect of the College (2014/15 £21,300)
** internal audit (all in respect of the college)

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

| 11 Interest payable - Group and College | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans: Total interest expense on financial liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss | <u>535</u> 535 | <u>547</u> 547 |
| Bank charges Pension finance costs (note 23) | 16 976 | 71 965 |
| Total | 1,527 | 1,583 |

12 Taxation

The Group was not liable for any corporation tax arising out of its activities during either period.

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

13 Tangible fixed assets (Group)

| | Land and buildings | Equipment Assets in the Course of Construction | | Total | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-------|---------|--|
| | | | | | |
| | Freehold | | | | |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | |
| Cost or valuation | | | | | |
| At 1 August 2015 | 64,916 | 28,347 | 1,232 | 94,495 | |
| Disposals | (2 120) | - | | (2,120) | |
| Additions | 459 | 1,630 | 5,631 | 7,720 | |
| ATG acquisitions at FV | 430 | 79 | | 509 | |
| At 31 July 2016 | 63,685 | 30,056 | 6,863 | 100,604 | |
| Depreciation | | | | | |
| At 1 August 2015 | 18,241 | 21,822 | - | 40,063 | |
| Depreciation in relation to disposal | (2 120) | | | (2,120) | |
| Charge for the year | 2,038 | 1,975 | - | 4,013 | |
| At 31 July 2016 | 18,159 | 23,797 | | 41,956 | |
| Net book value at 31 July 2016 | 45,526 | 6,259 | 6,863 | 58,648 | |
| Net book value at 31 July 2015 | 46,675 | 6,525 | 1,232 | 54,432 | |

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

13 Tangible fixed assets (College only)

| | Land and buildings | Equipment | Course of | Total |
|---|-----------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| | Freehold | | Construction | |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Cost or valuation At 1 August 2015 Disposals | 64,916 (2 120) | 28,347 0 | 1,232 | 94,495 (2 120) |
| Additions | 459 | 1,630 | 5,620 | 7,709 |
| At 31 July 2016 | 63,255 | 29,977 | 6,852 | 100,084 |
| Depreciation At 1 August 2015 | 18,241 | 21,822 | - | 40,063 |
| Depreciation in relation to disposal Charge for the year | (2 120) 2,027 | 1,969 | - | (2 120) 3,996 - |
| - At 31 July 2016 | 18,148 | 23,791 | • | 41,939 |
| Net book value at 31 July 2016 | 45,107 | 6,186 | 6,852 | 58,145 |
| Net book value at 31 July 2015 | 46,675 | 6,525 | 1,232 | 54,432 |

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

13 Tangible fixed assets (College only) (continued)

The transitional rules set out in FRS 102 Tangible Fixed Assets have been applied. Accordingly the book values at implementation have been retained.

Land and buildings were valued by the three former colleges for the purpose of the 1994 financial statements at depreciated replacement cost by a firm of independent chartered surveyors, in accordance with the RICS Statement of Asset Valuation Practice and Guidance notes. Other tangible fixed assets inherited from the local education authority at incorporation have been valued by the Corporation on a depreciated replacement cost basis with the assistance of independent professional advice.

Land and buildings with a net book value of £10,043,000 (2015: £10,213,000) have been financed from exchequer funds. Should these assets be sold, the Group may be liable, under the terms of the financial memorandum with the Skills Funding Agency, to surrender the proceeds.

14 Non current investments

| | Group | Group |
|---|-------|-------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| | | - |
| Investments in subsidiary companies Investments in associate companies | 269 | |
| | | |
| Totai | 269 | |

The College owns 100 per cent of the issued Ordinary A shares of Activate Enterprise Limited, a company Incorporated in England & Wales. The principal business activity of Activate Enterprise Limited is providing training, consulting and apprenticeships. The initial cost for this investment was £175.

The Group owns 37 per cent of The Oxford Partnership LLC, a company incorporated in Saudi Arabia. The initial cost of which was £31,598. The principal activity of The Oxford Partnership LLC is the provision of education. The investment is held by Activate Learning Investment Limited, a company limited by gurantee which is incorporated in England & Wales and which is controlled by Activate Learning.

15 Stock

| | Group | Group |
|----------------|-------|-------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Insights units | 40 | |

There is no significant difference between the replacement cost of the inventory and its carrying amount. Stocks are stated after provisions for impairment of £nil (2015: £nil).

College

The College had no stocks at 31 July 2016 (2015: £nil).

15 Debtors

| | Group 2016 £'000 | College 2016 £'000 | Group 2015 £'000 | Collega 2015 £'000 |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Amounts failing due within one year: | | | | |
| Trade receivables | 922 | 625 | 1,509 | 1,163 |
| Amounts owed by group undertakings: Subsidiary undertakings | - | 1,564 | | 1,231 |
| Associate undertakings | | | - | |
| Prepayments and accrued Income | 910 | 410 | 1,100 | 752 |
| Other debtors | 981 | 837 | 857 | 831 |
| Total | 2,813 | 3,436 | 3,466 | 3,977 |

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

| 17 Creditors: amounts failing due within on | e year | | | |
|--|--------|---------|-------|---------|
| | Group | College | Group | College |
| | 2016 | 2016 | 2015 | 2015 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts | 726 | 726 | 726 | 726 |
| Other payments received in advance | 136 | 136 | 131 | 131 |
| Trade payables | 1,954 | 1,671 | 1,501 | 1,422 |
| Other taxation and social security | 1,104 | 1,079 | 1,029 | 1,029 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 2,357 | 2,078 | 2,951 | 2,532 |
| Deferred income - government capital grants | 681 | 681 | 555 | 555 |
| Amounts owed to the Skills Funding Agency/EFA | 887 | 887 | 1,997 | 1,997 |
| Total | 7,845 | 7,258 | 8,890 | 8,392 |

18 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

| | Group | College | Group | College |
|---|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | 2016 | 2016 | 2015 | 2015 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Bank loans | 9,955 | 9,955 | 10,682 | 10,682 |
| Deferred income - government capital grants | 10,875 | 10,875 | 7,637 | 7,637 |
| Total | 20,830 | 20,830 | 18,319 | 18,319 |

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

19 Maturity of debt

(a) Bank loans and overdrafts

Bank loans and overdrafts are repayable as follows:

| | Group | College | Group | Coilege |
|----------------------------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | 2016 | 2016 | 2015 | 2015 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| In one year or less | 726 | 726 | 726 | 726 |
| Between one and two years | 726 | 726 | 726 | 726 |
| Between two and five years | 2,177 | 2,177 | 2,176 | 2,176 |
| in five years or more | 7,053 | 7,053 | 7,780 | 7,780 |
| Total | 10,682 | 10,682 | 11,408 | 11,408 |

The Group has two unsecured variable rate bank loans which are repayable by instalments falling due between May 2017 and May 2029. The interest payable is between 4.45% and 4.75%.

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

20 Provisions

| | Enhanced | Group ATG | Total |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | pensions | Dilapidation Provision | |
| | £'000 | | £'000 |
| Al 1 August 2015 | 998 | | 998 |
| Expenditure in the period Acturial loss for the year Transferred from income and expenditure account On acquisition of Subsidiary At 31 July 2016 | (75) 27 23 <u>973</u> | 200 200 | (75) 27 23 <u>200</u> <u>1,173</u> |

Defined benefit obligations relate to the liabilities under the College's membership of the Local Government pension Scheme. Further details are given in Note 23.

The enhanced pension provision relates to the cost of staff who have already left the College's employ and commitments for reorganisation costs from which the College cannot reasonably withdraw at the balance sheet date. This provision has been recalculated in accordance with guidance issued by the funding bodies.

The principal assumptions for this calculation are:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------|-------|-------|
| Price Inflation | 1.30% | 1.70% |
| Interest rate | 2.30% | 3.50% |

21 Cash and cash equivalents

| | At 1 August 2015 | Cash flows | Other changes | At 31 July 2016 |
|---|---------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Cash and cash equivalents Overdrafts | 864 | 771 | 44 | 1,679 - |
| Total | 864 | 771 | | 1,679 |

22 Capital commitments

| | Group and | Group and College | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|--|--|
| | 2016 | 2015 | | |
| | £'000 | £'000 | | |
| Commitments contracted for at 31 July | 172 | 2,214 | | |

23 Defined benefit obligations

The College's employees belong to two principal post-employment benefit plans: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by OCC. Both are multi-employer defined-benefit plans.

| Total pension cost for the year | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
|---|---|---------------|
| Teachers Pension Scheme: contributions paid Other pension schemes contributions paid Local Government Pension Scheme: | 1,530 | 1,565 16 |
| Contributions paid FRS 102 (28) charge Charge to the Statement of Comprehensive Income | 1,657 1,427 <u>1,068</u> <u>651</u> 4,255 | 3.659 |
| Enhanced pension charge to Statement of Comprehensive Income | 27 | 34 |
| Total Pension Cost for Year | 4,282 | 3,693 |

The pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The latest formal actuarial valuation of the TPS was 31 March 2012 and of the LGPS 31 March 2013.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pensions Regulations 2010, and, from 1 April 2014, by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. These regulations apply to teachers in schools and other educational establishments, including academies, in England and Wates that are maintained by local authorities. In addition, teachers in many independent and voluntary-aided schools and teachers and lecturers in some establishments of further and higher education may be eligible for membership. Membership is automatic for full-time teachers and lecturers and, from 1 January 2007, automatic too for teachers and lecturers in part-time employment following appointment or a change of contract. Teachers and lecturers are able to opt out of the TPS.

The Teachers' Pension Budgeting and Valuation Account

Although teachers and lecturers are employed by various bodies, their retirement and other pension benefits, including annual increases payable under the Pensions (Increase) Acts are, as provided for in the Superannuation Act 1972, paid out of monies provided by Parliament. Under the unfunded TPS, teachers' contributions on a 'pay-as-you-go' basis, and employers' contributions, are credited to the Exchequer under arrangements governed by the above Act.

The Teachers' Pensions Regulations require an annual account, the Teachers' Pension Budgeting and Valuation Account, to be kept of receipts and expenditure (including the cost of pensions' increases). From 1 April 2001, the Account has been credited with a real rate of return which is equivalent to assuming that the balance in the Account is invested in notional investments that produce that real rate of return.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The latest actuarial review of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2012 and in accordance with The Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education (the Department) on 9 June 2014. The key results of the valuation are:

- employer contribution rates were set at 16.48% of pensionable pay;
- total scheme liabilities for service to the effective date of £191.5 billion, and notional assets of
- £176.6 billion, giving a notional past service deficit of £14.9 billion;
- an employer cost cap of 10.9% of pensionable pay.

The new employer contribution rate for the TPS will be implemented in September 2015.

A full copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation can be found on the Teachers' Pension Scheme website at the following location: https://www.teacherspensions.co.uk/news/employers/2014/06/publication-of-the-valuation-report.aspx

Scheme Changes

Following the Hutton report in March 2011 and the subsequent consultations with trade unions and other representative bodies on reform of the TPS, the Department published a Proposed Final Agreement, setting out the design for a reformed TPS to be implemented from 1 April 2015.

The key provisions of the reformed scheme include: a pension based on career average earnings; an accrual rate of 1/57th; and a Normal Pension Age equal to State Pension Age, but with options to enable members to retire earlier or later than their Normal Pension Age. Importantly, pension benefits built up before 1 April 2015 will be fully protected.

In addition, the Proposed Final Agreement includes a Government commitment that those within 10 years of Normal Pension Age on 1 April 2012 will see no change to the age at which they can retire, and no decrease in the amount of pension they receive when they retire. There will also be further transitional protection, tapered over a three and a half year period, for people who would fall up to three and a half years outside of the 10 year protection.

Regulations giving effect to a reformed Teachers' Pension Scheme came into force on 1 April 2014 and the reformed scheme commenced on 1 April 2015.

The pension costs paid to TPS in the year amounted to £1,530,000, (2015: £1,565,000)

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

23 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

FRS 102 (28)

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102 (28.11), the TPS is a multi-employer pension scheme. The College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme.

Accordingly, the College has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 and has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined-contribution plan. The College has set out above the information available on the plan and the implications for the College in terms of the anticipated contribution rates.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit plan, with the assets held in separate funds administered by Oxfordshire Local Authority. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 July 2016 was £2,418,350 of which employer's contributions totaled £1,849,000 and employees' contributions totaled £569,350. The agreed contribution rates for future years are 17.3 % for employers and range from 5.5% to 7.5% cent for employees, depending on salary.

Principal Actuarial Assumptions

The following information is based upon a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 March 2013 updated to 31 July 2016 by a qualified independent actuary

| At 31 July 2016 | At 31 July 2015 |
|--------------------|---|
| 4.00% | 4.40% |
| 2.20% | 2.60% |
| 2.60% | 3.80% |
| 2.20% | 2.60% |
| 3.10% | 3.50% |
| | 2016 4.00% 2.20% 2.60% 2.20% |

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

| | At 31 July 2016 | At 31 July 2015 |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Retiring today | years | years |
| Males | 23.30 | 23.30 |
| Females | 25.80 | 25.70 |
| Retiring in 20 years | | |
| Males | 25.60 | 25.50 |
| Females | 28.10 | 28.00 |

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

23 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (Continued)

The College's share of the assets in the plan and the expected rates of return were:

| | Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2016 | Fair Value at 31 July 2016 | Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2015 | Fair Value at 31 July 2015 |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | | £'000 | | £'000 |
| Equities | | 27,325 | | 25,123 |
| Gilts | | 5,525 | | 4,670 |
| Bonds | | 1,533 | | 1,313 |
| Property | | 3,114 | | 2,616 |
| Cash | | 1,443 | | 1,212 |
| Other | | 3,238 | | 3,084 |
| Total market value of assets | | 42,178 | | 38,018 |
| Weighted average expected long term rate of return | 8.00% | | 6.10% | |

The amount included in the balance sheet in respect of the defined benefit pension plan is as follows:

| | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Fair value of plan assets | 42,178 | 38,018 |
| Present value of plan llabilities | (80,756) | (63,769) |
| Present value of unfunded liabilities | (66) | (65) |
| Net pensions (ilability) | (38,644) | (25,816) |

Amounts recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of the plan are as follows:

| | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Amounts included in staff costs | | |
| Current service cost | 2,538 | 2,214 |
| Past service cost | 347 | 114 |
| Total | 2,885 | 2,328 |
| | 2040 | 0040 |
| | 2016 | 2016 |
| Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income | £'000 | £'000 |
| Return on pension plan assets Experience losses arising on defined benefit obligations | 1,439 | 1,989 |
| Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of plan llabilities | (12,246) | (4,995) |
| nabiiuas | | |
| Actuarial loss in respect of enhanced pension provision | (27) | (34) |
| Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income | (10,834) | (3,040) |

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Notes to the Accounts (continued)

23 Defined benefit obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (Continued)

Movement in net dfefined benefit (liability) during the year

| movement in net dienned benent (nability) during the year | | |
|---|----------|----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Surplus/(deficit) in scheme at 1 August | + _ | |
| | (25,816) | (21,199) |
| Movement in year: | | |
| Current service cost | (2,538) | (2 244) |
| | | (2,214) |
| Administration expenses | (32) | (36) |
| Employer contributions | 1,849 | 1,677 |
| Past service cost | (347) | (114) |
| Net interest on the defined (liability)/asset | (953) | (924) |
| Actuarial gain or loss | (10,807) | (3,006) |
| | | |
| Net defined benefit (liability) at 31 July | (38,644) | (25,816) |
| | | |
| | | |
| Asset and Liability Reconciliation | | |
| | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations | | |
| | | |
| Defined benefit obligations at start of period | 63,834 | 54,392 |
| Current Service cost | 2,538 | 2,214 |
| Interest cost | 2,422 | 2,381 |
| | | • |
| Contributions by Scheme participants | 674 | 657 |
| Changes in financial assumptions | 12,246 | 4,995 |
| Estimated benefits paid | (1,234) | (914) |
| Past Service cost & Curtailments | 347 | 114 |
| Unfunded pension payments | (5) | (5) |
| Defined benefit obligations at end of period | | |
| Defined benefit obligations at end of period | 80,822 | 63,834 |
| | | |
| | | |
| Reconciliation of Assets | | |
| | | |
| Fair value of plan assets at start of period | 38,018 | 33,193 |
| Interest on plan assets | 1,469 | |
| | | 1,457 |
| Return on plan assets | 1,439 | 1,989 |
| Administration expenses | (32) | (36) |
| Employer contributions | 1,849 | 1,677 |
| Contributions by Scheme participants | 674 | 657 |
| Estimated benefits paid | (1,239) | (919) |
| Assets at end of period | | |
| weere ar and of banon | 42,178 | 38,018 |
| | | |

The total return on the fund assets for the year to 31 July 2016 is £ £2,908,000

24 Related party transactions

Due to the nature of the Group's operations and the composition of the Board of Governors (being drawn from local public and private sector organisations) it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the Board of Governors may have an interest.

All transactions involving organisations in which a member of the Board of Governors may have an interest are in accordance with the Group's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

The total expenses paid to or on behalf of the Governors during the year was £795; 3 governors, (2015: £1,360; 2 governors). This represents travel and subsistence expenses and other out of pocket expenses incurred in attending Governor meetings and charity events in their official capacity

The Chairman of the Corporation is a partner of a firm of property & construction consultants which is advising the Group on its capital investment programme. An amount of £76,013 was paid to Ridge and Partners LLP during the financial year (2015: £35,313) and the balance outstanding at 31 July 2016 totalled £8,855 (2015: £2,578).

Transactions with the SFA and EFA (formerly the LSC) and HEFCE are detailed in notes 2 and 17. During the year the Group incurred costs in relation to The Oxfordshire Partnership LLC of £125,784 which were fully reimbursed by the associate. At 31 July 2016, the balance outstanding was £75,912.

UTC Oxfordshire activity in the year relates to the agreed charges under the SLA agreement to provide Group Services, plus some payments made on behalf of UTCO by Activate Learning. During the year £94,208 was charged to UTC Oxfordshire with the balance outstanding of £83,933.

UTC Reading activity in the year relates to the agreed charges under the SLA agreement to provide Group Services, plus some additional charges for exams invigilators etc. During the year £139,489 was charged to UTC Reading with the balance outstanding on account of £19,716

Activate Learning Education Trust activity in the year relates to the agreed charges under the SLA agreement to provide Group Services, plus some payments made on behalf of ALET. During the year £200,756 was charged to ALET with the balance outstanding on account of £81,423

25 Amounts disbursed as agent

| Learner support runda | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | 2016 £'000 | 2015 £'000 |
| Balance Unspent 1 August | 990 | 550 |
| Net grants from the SFA and EFA (formerly the LSC) | 797 | 1,985 |
| | 1,787 | 2,535 |
| Disbursed to students | (1,347) | (1,452) |
| Administration costs | (163) | (93) |
| Balance unspent at 31 July | 277 | 990 |

Grants from the SFA and EFA (formerly the LSC) are available solely for students. In the majority of instances, the Group only acts as a paying agent. In these circumstances, the grants and related disbursements have therefore been excluded from the Statement of Comprehensive Income, other than when the Group has directly incurred expenditure itself.

Notes to the Accounts (continued)

26 Transition to FRS 102 and the 2015 FE HE SORP

The year ended 31st July 2016 is the first year that the College has presented its financial statements under FRS 102 and the 2015 FE HE SORP. The following disclosures are required in the year of transition. The last financial statements prepared under previous UK GAAP were for the year ended 31st July 2015 and the date of transition to FRS 102 and the 2015 FE HE SORP was therefore 1st August 2014. As a consequence of adopting FRS 102 and the 2015 FE HE SORP, a number of accounting policies have changed to comply with those standards.

An explanation of how the transition to FRS 102 and the 2015 FE HE SORP has affected the College's financial position, financial performance and cash flows, is set out below.

| | Note | 1st Aug | just 2014 | 31st Ju | ly 2015 |
|--|----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | | Group £'000 | College £'000 | Group £'000 | College £'000 |
| Financial Position | | | | | |
| Total reserves under previous SORP Share of operating loss in associate | C) | 11,281 | 11,327 - | 4,940 173 | 6,121 |
| Total effect of transition to FRS 102 and 2015 FE HE SORP | | * | + | 173 | |
| Total reserves under 2015 FE HE SORP | | 11,281 | 11,327 | 5,113 | 6,121 |
| | | Year ended 31 | st July 2015 | | |
| Financial Performance | | Group £'000 | College £'000 | | |
| Surplus for the year after tax under previous SORP Share of operating loss in associate Release of non-government grants received Reversal of capital grants amortisation Pensions provision – actuarial loss Changes to measurement of net finance cost on defined benefit plans | a) b) | (2,660) 173 (3,006) (675) | (1,525) - - (3,006) (675) | | |
| Total effect of transition to FRS 102 and 2015 FE HE SORP | | (3,508) | (3,681) | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year under 2015 FE HE SORF | • | (6, 168) | (5,206) | | |

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Notes to the Accounts (continued)

26 Transition to FRS 102 and the 2015 FE HE SORP

a) Change in recognition of defined benefit plan finance costs

The net pension finance cost recognised in the Income and Expenditure account for the year ended 31st July 2015 under the previous UK GAAP was the net of the expected return on pension plan assets and the interest on pension liabilities. FRS 102 requires the recognition in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, of a net interest cost, calculated by multiplying the net plan obligations by the market yield on high quality corporate bonds (the discount rate applied). The change has had no effect on net assets as the measurement of the net defined benefit plan obligation has not changed. Instead, the decrease in the surplus for the year has been mirrored by a reduction in the actuarial losses presented within Other Comprehensive Income

b) Presentation of actuarial gains and losses within Total Comprehensive Income

Actuarial gains and losses on the College's defined benefit plans were previously presented in the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses (STRGL), a separate statement to the Income and Expenditure account. All such gains and losses are now required under FRS 102 to be presented within the Statement of Comprehensive Income, as movements in Other Comprehensive Income.

c) Accounting for investment in associate

In the last year's financial statements, the group recognised a loss in operating profit of £205k and a provision relating to the Group's share of the associate's net liabilities. Under FRS 102 there is no requirement to recognise a provision under the equity method of accounting when the associate has net liabilities unless there is a legal or constructive obligation to support the entity.

Group

On 1st June 2016, the Group acquired control of ATG Training, an incorporated charity, through its appointment as sole trustee. In accordance with the College Accounts Direction Handbook 2015 to 2016 the business combination has been accounted for in line with section 19 of FRS102 except the excess of the surplus of the fair value of assets over the fair value of the liabilities assumed is recognised as a gain in income and expenditure account.

Consideration at 1st June 2016

| For cashflow disclosure purposes the amounts are disclosed as follows: | £000's | 1 | | |
|--|----------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| Cash consideration | 0 | | | |
| Less | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents acquired | 109 | | | |
| Net cash inflow | 109 | | | |
| Recognised amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed | | | | |
| | Note | Book value | Adjustment | Fair Value |
| Fixed assets | 11 | 509 | | 509 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 109 | | 109 |
| Stock | | 0 | | 0 |
| Trade and other receivables | | 360 | | 360 |
| Trade and other payables | | (260) | | (260) |
| Provisions | (a) | | (200) | (200) |
| Total identifiable net assets | | | | 518 |
| Negative Goodwill (recognised as a gift in income and expenditure) | <u> </u> | | | 518 |
| Total | | 718 | (200) | 518 |

The adjustments arising on acquisition were in respect of the following:

(a) A provision for leasehold dilapidation costs.

The income from ATG Training included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for 2016 was £476k, ATG Training also contributed to a deficit of £103k over the same period.